Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. V.] MONDAY, JULY 8, 1805. [No. 1337.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next,
at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM
in hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Bandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.——ALSO,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kerseymeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Russels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslins and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Dec. 20.

10 pipes well flavor'd Holland Gin,
60 casks Dutch Linseed Oil,
2 bales German Ticklenburgh
1 case Britannias,
1 do. Platillas Royal,
Just Imported from Rotterdam,
In the brig Nancy, Spalding,
AND FOR SALE BY
J. & T. Vowell,
WHO HAVE IN STORE,
A few pipes old Madeira Wine, fit for immediate use,
Three hhds. old Grenada Rum,
Three casks Clover Seed,
Ten pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy.

☞ *Cash given for Otter and Mink Skins.*

April 25. d

JAMES SANDERSON
Has received, in addition to his late general supplies, which he will sell, by the quantity, very low, and on liberal credit;
10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Brandy.
4 puncheons second proof Antigua Rum.
20 barrels New England ditto.
5 pipes particular Teneriffe Wine.
12 half pipes do. do. do.
25 cases claret, 2 and half dozen in each.
9 boxes best London Mustard, 15 dozen each.
6 do. do. Double Gloucester Cheese.
20 hogsheads Black Quart Bottles.
ALSO,
28 hogsheads Virginia TOBACCO now in store.

May 31. d

BUILDING LOTS.

HALF an acre of ground, on the corner of Washington and Duke streets, will be laid off in lots, to suit applicants, and will be had at a moderate annual rent forever.

HEWES & MILLER.

June 19. d

This day is Published,
And for Sale at ROBERT GRAY'S *Book store, and* THIS OFFICE,
(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.)
AN ABSTRACT
OF AN
APOLOGY,
For Renouncing the Jurisdiction
OF THE
SYNOD OF KENTUCKY.
BEING
A Compendious View of the GOSPEL,
AND A FEW REMARKS ON THE
CONFESSION OF FAITH.
By Robert Marshall, John Dunlavy, Richard M'Nemar, Barton W. Stone, John Thompson.

May 2.

☞ A few Copies of the *American Gardener*, for sale by Robert Gray, in King-street.

JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE,
69 barrels prime pork,
12 barrels pease, suitable for the West-India market.

Wm. HODGSON.

July 3. d.

For Sale, on liberal Credit,
90 hogsheads
South Potomac Tobacco,
Now in store——*Also,*
4 do. Rappahannock;
Suitable for the West-India market.

James Sanderson.

June 20. d

Mill-Stones & Boulting-Cloths.

We want to buy one pair of 4 or 4 and an half feet Cologne Mill Stones.—We have one pair of 6 feet Burr Mill Stones for sale: Also, five hundred dollars worth of Boulting-Cloths; which will be sold a bargain, to any body who will take the whole of them.

Hewes & Miller.

June 20. d

TO LET,
(ON WASHINGTON STREET)
The House at present occupied by *Joseph Mandeville.* Possession may be had early in June next. Apply to
Mandeville & Jamesson.

May 20. d

BEEF AND PORK.

We have just received, prime and mess Beef, in barrels and half barrels; prime Pork, in barrels and half barrels—all of excellent quality.

Hewes & Miller.

June 24. d

The subscribers have just received, by the Packet, from Norfolk,
80 barrels prime Beef,
20 do. Pork.

Lawrason & Fowle.

June 24. d

Mandeville & Jamesson
Are now landing, and offer for Sale,
10 puncheons high proof Jamaica Rum.
10 hogsheads Barbadoes Molasses.
8 hogsheads St. Croix Sugars.
English F and FF Gunpowder.
Philadelphia Loaf Sugars.
Patent Shot and Bar-Lead.

May 29. d

WILLIAM OXLEY
HAS ON HAND,
Which he will dispose of on terms advantageous to the purchasers, for cash or notes,
The following Articles, viz.
Superfine and second cloths
Kerseymeres and swandowns
Bearskins and fearnoughts
Durants and callimancoes
Bombazets and wildbores
Common and boil'd camblets
Silk, cotton, and worsted hosiery
English extra long silk gloves
Silk twist and thread
Diaper and common tapes
Paper and pound pins
White and printed marseilles
Laces, edgings and gimps
Elegant black and white lace veils
Patent do. do.
Satin peelong and silk handkerchiefs
4-4, 9-8, and 6-4 Cambrick muslins
India Jaconet do.
Fustians, buckram, &c. &c.
ALSO,
A few bales of Negro Caddies, and one trunk silk and cotton slings.

January 7. d

GUNPOWDER TEA.

A few boxes of the very best quality just received by
Mandeville & Jamesson.

May 15. d

The highest price given for clean Linen Rags, by the Printer hereof.

WANTED TO PURCHASE,
About 30,000
White Oak Hogshead & Barrel Staves,
Of good quality: *Also,*
A few squared Logs of Walnut.

Wm. HODGSON.

July 5. d

THE SUBSCRIBER,
AT HIS GROCERY STORE,
King near Washington Street,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
FROM PHILADELPHIA, &c. &c.
—A SUPPLY OF—
Fresh teas, particularly selected,
6000 lbs. green coffee,
14 hhds. St. Croix and St. Martins sugar,
New York and Philadelphia, loaf and lump sugars.
Old 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
Do. 2d and 3d proof St. Croix rum,
Cognac brandy,
Holland gin,
Whiskey and
New England rum,
Choice old Madeira, }
Sherry, }
Lisbon, } WINES.
Teneriffe, }
Malaga and }
Port, }
Claret in cases,
20 Boxes fresh muscatel raisins,
Very best chocolate,
Dixon's best mustard,
Sallad oil, &c.

With a general assortment of groceries as usual.

The whole of which are of a superior quality, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

JAMES BACON.

May 14. d

TUNIS CRAVEN,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
An elegant assortment of goods, selected from the latest importations, in Philadelphia and Baltimore.
—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Superfine cloths and cassimeres,	coloured cambricks,
Cotton cassimeres,	Dimities,
White and coloured jeans, nankeens and fustians,	6-4 9-8, Cambrick muslins,
Long and short nankeens,	India, book, jaconet and mull muslins,
Blue do.	Colonade and crossbarred striped cambrick ditto,
White and coloured marseilles,	Lace,
Waistcoating,	6-4, Lace shawls,
4-4 7-8, Irish linens, long lawns,	Long ditto,
4-4 7-8, Shirting cotton,	Super brocaded do.
Irish and Flanders sheeting,	English and French silk gloves,
Platillas,	Kid ditto,
Britannias,	Pic nic mitts,
Silesias,	English split straw bonnets,
Silk, cotton and thread hosiery,	Madrass and bandanna handkerchiefs,
Diaper table cloths,	Barras,
Napkins,	Mammodies,
Chintz callicoes and	Gurrahs, &c. &c.

All of which he has determined to sell at the most reduced prices.

May 26. d

FOR SALE.

20 puncheons Jamaica RUM,
LAST YEAR'S CROP,
Just received and for Sale on reasonable terms.

John & Thos. Vowell.

May 9.

Just Published,
And for Sale by Cottom & Stewart,
A Key to Mystery of Iniquity
OR AN
Address to Men of Candor and lovers of Truth.
BY JOHN WEST,
Of Fairfax County.

This work contains a compendium ecclesiastical history, accompanied with the author's reflections; proving *modern episcopacy* to be spurious, and human legislation in the Church to be usurpation, &c. &c.

May 3. d

Notice is hereby Given,

That in pursuance of an act of Assembly, of the Commonwealth of Virginia, establishing a Town at the Court-house of this County, on the lands of *Richard Ratcliffe*, by the name of *Providence*. We the subscribers, trustees therein named, will proceed to sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Monday the 19th day of August next, (being the first day of August court) the several LOTS in the said town, as laid out, condemned, and directed to be sold by the said act.—A plan of which will be shewn, and the terms made known on the day of sale.

Charles Little,
W. Payne,
Richard Fitzhugh,
Daniel Mc Chichester,
Francis Conner,
Richard Bland Lee,
John C. Hunter,
William Middleton.

Fairfax County the 1 day of July, 1805. } (5) 6019A.

Notice is hereby given,
To the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria,

THAT a dividend of 4 per cent. on the capital stock of said Bank for the half year, ending this day, is declared, and will be ready to be paid to them or their representatives, on *Friday* next the 5th instant.

By order of the President and Directors,
GURDEN CHAPIN, Cashier.

July 2. 3w3taw

HUGH SMITH,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
BY THE
William from Liverpool,
A supply of Queens Ware, with the stock before on hand, received by the United States and the Medway, will enable him to supply his customers, with a complete assortment of
Queens Ware, Glass and China.
FOR SALE,
On board the William,
6000 bushels Liverpool Coarse and fine SALT.

June 10. WTF. & 1aw 2m.

FOR SALE,
250 Acres of Land, in the district of *Columbia*, about 5 miles from Alexandria and 2 from George Town: A large proportion is woodland of a good quality, abounding with good springs and handsome situations. I would lay off this land to accommodate those who may wish to buy from two acre lots to twenty, or sell it altogether. A small part of the purchase money will be required; and for the balance a liberal credit will be given. Any person wishing to buy, may be shewn the land by *William Snellum*, who resides upon it; and leave their names with Mr. John Gadsby, of Alexandria.

Sundry Lots may be had on ground rent, upon Duke-street, adjoining to Mr. Jacob Shucks's.

G. CHAPMAN.

June 13. 1awtf

J. WILLIAM PFALTZ,
Clock & Watch-maker,
Opposite JOSEPH RIDDLE and Cos. Fairfax-street;
Offers his service to his friends and the public in general, in the above line—having served his time in Switzerland, and afterwards worked in London and Paris, hopes, from his experience, to be able to render general satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom. He repairs all kinds of horizontal, repeating and common watches and clocks.

Has also on hand, and offers for Sale,
A handsome assortment of *Jewellery*, finished in the newest style.

June 20. 2aw3w‡

TO BE LET,
The HOUSE on Fairfax-street now occupied by Mr. James H. Hooe. Possession will be given on the first of July. Apply to Mr. JOHN TUCKER, of Alexandria. The vacant LOTS on King, Columbus, and Washington streets; the LOTS on the Mall, lately advertised for sale; or any other Lots belonging to the subscriber, for sale by him, on reasonable terms.

Stephen Cooke.

Leesburg, May 22. 1aw

LIVERPOOL, May 15.

Parliamentary Review.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

Lord Grenville moved on Friday, that the Roman Catholic petition should be read, which being done, his lordship proceeded to the discussion of its contents. It was the wish of the petitioners that their claims should be considered with that sober deliberate, and dispassionate temper, which they were led to hope for in the parliament of the united kingdom; and in this tone and temper it was his intention to argue the question. The most striking feature of the subject was, that in Ireland we had a catholic population of from three to five millions. This was a fact which had necessarily pressed on the attention of the legislature ever since the reformation. It had so happened, that at the revolution the great majority of this body were attached to the exiled royal family. In consequence of this, that greatest of princes, and most enlightened friend to toleration, king William, found himself obliged to consent to the imposition of certain restraints upon them; but he was incapable of ever placing them in the degraded situation to which they were reduced in the subsequent reign in which they were stripped of all property, all influence, all constitutional rights, and thus rendered aliens in the country which gave them birth. The Catholics, however, having during two rebellions, evinced the highest loyalty, a change of conduct was adopted with regard to them towards the commencement of his majesty's reign; and since that period the restraints under which they labored had been gradually taken off, with the exception of those by which they were excluded from parliament, from the bench, from the high offices of state, and certain other situations. The noble lord then proceeded to shew why these restraints should now be removed, and expressed his conviction, that in a short time they must be removed. He reprobated the system of attributing to the Roman catholics principles which they disclaimed on oath, such as that no faith was to be kept with heretics, and that the pope could relieve them from the obligation of an oath. It was ridiculous to suppose, that from the admission of a few catholic peers and commissioners into parliament, any danger should arise to the church of England. A similar danger was apprehended at the time of the union with Scotland; but who had heard any of the sixteen Scotch peers or forty-five commoners make any proposition in his place derogatory to the rights of the established church. We had lately seen a presbyterian chancellor and chief justice of the king's bench, and we now see a presbyterian master of the rolls; we had presbyterian admirals and generals, and even some of the highest ministerial offices under the crown had been in the hands of persons of that persuasion; without any injury to the established church.

His Lordship considered the present moment as the most propitious for taking the petition into consideration, as it would have the tendency to unite all the classes of people, to close the ranks of the subjects, and to enable us to present a firm phalanx to our inveterate foe. He concluded with moving, that the House should go into a Committee to consider of the petition.

Lord Hawkesbury professed a disposition to treat the question with that moderation which the preceding speaker had likewise professed, but to which he had not adhered when he had recourse to the menacing language that the question should and must, in a short time, be carried.

Lord Grenville spoke to order. He appealed to every Peer who heard him, whether his words bore any other construction, than that the object must be ultimately carried by the force of reasoning.

Lord Hawkesbury said that in every free state of which history furnished us with any details, there were certain fundamental laws which were considered as incapable of being repealed with any degree of safety to the existing constitution. The evils which our forefathers had experienced, or apprehended from popery, had led them, even by breaking in on the principle of hereditary succession, to frame a protestant constitution, so guarded and protected as to exclude Roman Catholics from all *political* power. This grand principle had not not hitherto been trenched upon. All priviledges hitherto granted to Roman Catholics and protestant dissenters,—were extentions of civil rights; but if the prayer of the petition on the table were granted; if Roman catholics were admitted to a share of political power, there was an end to the existing constitution. We might it was true have a protestant king, but he might have popish counsellors and a popish parliament; and if he were reduced to the alternative, he would prefer the converse of such an arrangement.——The present period was particularly inauspicious to the claims of the petitioners. The whole of catholic Europe, with the exception of Austria, was under the dominion, or subject to the immediate influence of the implacable enemy of this country. If the Test Act and other various restrictions were removed in favor of the catholics, he wished to know whether they were to remain in force as to dissenters. He thought the noble lord ought not to have passed over this part of the question so lightly. He concluded with giving his decided negative to the motion.

The duke of Cumberland opposed the motion. He professed himself a zealous friend to toleration, with respect to every denomination of christians; but could not, and never would, give his assent to extend it so far, as to endanger that constitution, civil and religious, which it was the pride and duty of his family to protect.

Lord Spencer briefly enforced the reasoning of Lord Grenville.

Lord Sidmouth was hostile to the catholic claims regarding them as completely subversive of the existing constitution.

Lord Mulgrave declared himself a decided friend to the catholic claims, but thought the present period improper for discussing them.

Lord Holland spoke in favor of the motion.

The Bishop of Dunham wished to shew every degree of tenderness for the rights of conscience on religious subjects but regarded the demand now made as fraught with the greatest danger to the protestant ascendancy.

Lord Redesdale in arguing against the motion, entered into a minute examination of the tenets now held by the Irish Catholics, which he contend were such as to render it impossible without eminent danger to the existing constitution to admit them to any share of political power. Instead of proposing in the present temper of the catholics, any extention of indulgence towards them, he thought the attention of parliament ought rather to be directed towards the protection of the established church of Ireland, and to the means of counteracting that dominion which the popish priests illegally assumed over their flock.

As soon as his lordship sat down, a number of peers called out "adjourn" while others were for going on. After some conversation the lord Chancellor put the question for adjourning the debate, which was negatived.

Lord Limerick, then entered into a detailed reply to the argument of lord Grenville.

Lord Carysfort was much concerned that the adjournment had been resisted; he had wished at a considerable length, to trouble their lordships with his view of the subject, and he was confident the debate could not be concluded until noon of Saturday.

After some remarks from the Marquis of Buckingham, lord Grenville and lord Dainley, in favor of the adjournment,

Lord Hawkesbury again rose and expressed his concurrence, if noble lords would meet this day, Saturday.

This occasioned some observations from lord Derbey, and in the sequel the house adjourned the debate to the usual hour on Monday next. The house rose at three o'clock in the morning.

BOSTON, July 1.

LATE AND IMPORTANT.

Our attentive correspondent at New Bedford has transmitted the following important intelligence from Europe:

"*New-Bedford, June* 28, 1805.

"Arrived here yesterday, ship Accushnet, in 36 days from Liverpool. She brings London papers to the 18th of May; but they contain little, except conjectures respecting the Brest fleet.

"From the latest date (the 18th May) the following articles are extracted; which I however think, will be interesting to your readers:

"LONDON, May 18.

"Dispatches were last evening brought to Plymouth, from the blockading squadron off Brest, by a gun-brig. Two transports have also arrived at Falmouth, which left the fleet on the 14th, at 7, P. M. at which time the French fleet of 25 sail of the line, were standing out of Brest, and lord Gardner, with 17 sail of the line, had made the signal for forming a line of battle. The transports were sent away to make the first port they could.

"In stating these accounts, it is our duty to observe, that our correspondents at Plymouth and Falmouth do not agree in their intelligence on this subject. The former remarks, that the dispatches bro't by the gun brig, state, that when admiral Gardner resumed his station off Brest, on the 13th, after having been blown off, the outer road was clear of ships; and that it was conjectured they had either gone to the inner harbor, or taken advantage of his temporary absence, and put to sea.

"Another letter from Plymouth mentions that the *Brest fleet had actually put to sea.*"

In confirmation of the above, we observe the following article, in the same paper from which the preceeding accounts are extracted: "All officers are ordered on board their respective ships, without loss of time. Seven sail of the line, which lay at Cawsand Bay, and destined for the W. Indies, were on the point of sailing, but the orders were countermanded, and the ships directed to join the channel fleet immediately."

PHILADELPHIA, July 6.

On Monday last, Robert Patterson, esquire, was introduced to the directorship of the mint of the United States, by the late director, and the charge of it delivered up to Mr. Patterson. Mr. Boudinot, the late director, we are informed, retires to Burlington, New Jersey.

Previously to this, the officers of the mint sent the following address to the late director:

To ELIAS BOUDINOT, esquire, *director of the mint of the United States.*

We, the officers and clerks of the mint of the United States, cannot in justice to our feelings, suffer the director of the mint to retire from the superintendance of that institution, without acknowledging the satisfaction and support, which we have at all times derived from his able and unremitting care for the well ordering thereof.

A grateful sense of the affability and kindness maintained towards the officers, clerks and workmen, have rendered him dear to all; and we sincerely regret a privation of those amiable qualities, which an advanced age, and desire of repose, forbid us longer to enjoy. We assure him, that our best wishes will accompany him to his retirement: and that we shall ever retain the greatest respect for his person and character.

Mint of the United States,
Philadelphia, 26th June, 1805.

Henry Voight, chief coiner,
Joseph Richardson, assayer,
Joseph Cloud, melter and refiner,
Robert Scot, engraver,
Adam Eckfeldt, assistant coiner,
G. Ehrenzeller, treasurer's clerk,
Lodwyck Sharpe, chief coiner's clerk,
Adolphus Fisher, director's clerk.

To which the director returned the following answer:

To Henry Voight, Joseph Richardson, Joseph Cloud, Robert Scot, Adam Eckfeldt, G. Ehrenzeller, Lodwyck Sharpe and Adolphus Fisher, officers and clerks of the mint of the United States.

The director of the mint has, with peculiar satisfaction, received your very respectful address of this morning.

The only regret the director feels on the separation that must now take place, is the parting with gentlemen with whom he has for so many years enjoyed the most friendly and confidential official intercourse, which has given him the best opportunity of appreciating their worth and importance to the community.

In so high a trust, as that of the mint of the United States, unspotted integrity, connected with professional knowledge and personal diligence, become essentially necessary. The director is proud to acknowledge that the conduct of the officers and clerks of the mint, for so many years past, has justified his expectations in this respect, and the entire confidence he has placed in them on every difficult occasion, has never been disappointed.

If the operations of the mint have been simplified and improved—if the annual expences have been reduced, and the issues of coin more regular and expeditious, tho' in the infancy of the institution, while all was in experiment, it is owing to that industry, attention and œconomy, of which the officers and clerks have not only personally set the example, patronized and observed; but also their seconding the director with unanimity and spirit in every attempt he has made to accomplish these desirable objects.

It is with those feelings which can only be produced by a principle of friendship and affection, that the director, on taking leave of those to whom he has been so long united in this official relation, most sincerely reciprocates the kind and affectionate wishes of the officers, clerks and workmen of the mint, and earnestly assures them, that tho' retired to private life in hopes of spending his few remaining years in peace and quietness, yet he shall often remember the officers and clerks of the mint with respectful gratitude, and most devoutly pray for their success and happiness.

The director will not omit to represent to his successor the estimable characters of the officers and clerks of the mint. That gentleman's good sense and knowledge of business, will undoubtedly lead him to value such able and necessary assistants in his important administration.

ELIAS BOUDINOT.

Philadelphia, June 26, 1805.

The following is an extract of a l[etter] from New-Orleans, dated May 25, [1805] received this forenoon.

"I cannot close my letter without giv[ing] you a little hint of the great movem[ents] going on in our neighborhood. We ha[ve] vessel the other day from Vera Cruz, wh[ich] brings the news: "We are here in the most perplexity, the governor and vice-[roy] have quarrelled seriously, and the la[st] with the commerce of this place, who ha[s] sent home a deputy to plead their cau[se] and explain their business to the council [of] Indies. In the mean time, the alarm [is] sounded, and his vice-majesty has collect[ed] ed an army of near thirty thousand stron[g] and is actually encamped therewith on on[e] of the clifts of Mount Orisava, and ha[s] caused all the public and private treasu[re] of Mexico to be transported to the camp of the camp. This alarm was caused by some news they had got either from this place or some part of the union, that the whole American army was under orders for the western line and this place, and that the president was to take command in person in case of urgent need. They further add, that a bishop *ex-partibus* had arrived at Naquoquedotch with seven hundred of the van guard. Those who pretend to see further than the common sort say, that the whole is a trick of the vice-king to get the cash part of the property in his power, &c."

Latest from England.

Extract of a letter from our correspondent at New-York, dated July 4.

"The ship Cato, Snow, in 35 days from Liverpool, arrived here this morning. She left Liverpool on the 28th May; our London papers by her are of the 25th. Left amongst others, ship Hampshire, Talbot, of Philadelphia, to sail in ten days; Felicity, Jones, do. Annawen, Holmes, do. in 3.

Arrived also, brig Sarah, Rice in 20 days from Trinity, Mart.

We do not find in our papers any article worth transcribing; the captain informs us, that the embargo had not been taken off, that the impressment of seamen was uncommonly active, and that in failure of a sufficient number of these, measures were taking to supply them with impressed mechanics----no treaty with Russia——the Brest fleet had not sailed——markets dull"

Extract of another from New York, dated July 4.

"This morning arrived here the ship Cato, Snow, in 35 days from Liverpool. We have papers from London as late as the 25th of May; but they contain no news of moment. There is another talk of a peace. The Brest fleet had not sailed. The embargo still continued in England, and the hotest press ever known; even mechanics were taken up and put on board ship. A revolt is said to have taken place in Sweden, under the influence of France; the person of the king had been put under confinement! Admiral Collinghood had sailed with 12 sail of the line to join lord Nelson. Negociations are said to be going on between France and Russia for the restoration of general tranquility. Bonaparte is willing to enter into negociations on the following bassis:

"1st. The full recognition, of his titles of Emperor of the French and King of Italy.

"2d. The solemn guarantee of Great-Britain and Russia to maintain himself and his family in the hereditary possession of his dignities and dominions.

"3d. The resignation of Bourbon of all rights and claims to the sovereignty of France.

"4th. He engages in return to leave Malta, in the possession of England, and to cede to the Emperor Alexander the republic of the the Seven Isles.

"The Ship Erin, of Baltimore arrived at Dover, the 10th of May. Madame Bonaparte was on board, last from Amsterdam, where she was not suffered to go on shore; she is attended by her brother. Madame Bonaparte is in the last stage of pregnancy; her brother did not think it safe to proceed to Baltimore. The Erin was in the Texel a week, and was placed between a 64 and a frigate, a guard boat kept about the ship at night.

"*From Lloyd's List.*

"The Fabius, Atkins for America, is detained by the Ponsonby privateer, and has arrived at Liverpool. At Varel, Vigilantia, Meyer, Baltimore. The Juno, De Jonge, from Baltimore to Amsterdam, has been detained and sent into Portsmouth. At Amsterdam, the Melpomene, Dauberg, from New York. At Tonningen, Ocean, Charleston; William, Virginia.

A ship, two brigs and several sch'rs. are below.

LONDON, May 18.
Star office half past 3 P.

We stop the press to state that dispa[tches] have been received this day at the adm[i]ralty, and at lord Camden's office from [ad]miral Cochrane. He arrived with [a] squadron at Barbadoes, on the 2d ult. [and] there received intelligence that the F[rench] squadron, had gone to leeward, upon w[hich] he immediately sailed in pursuit of [them] and as he had received accurate infor[ma]tion of the course great hopes were e[n]tained that he would fall in with them [be]fore they could do any more injury.

The account of an engagement bet[ween] the Brest and channel fleets is hourly pected.

A letter from Falmouth states, th[at] seven o'clock on Tuesday evening the fleet, consisting of twenty five sail o[f] line, and frigates were all under w[ay] and standing out to sea. Lord Ga[m]had formed his fleet, consisting of seven of the line and several frigates, in the of battle in two divisions. The Co[n]gun brig arrived at Plymouth, on T[ues]day, with an account of the moveme[nts] the Brest fleet, in consequence of w[hich] the fifteen sail of the line in the Sound Cawsand Bay, were expected to s[ail] the evening to join lord Gardner.

House of Commons, May

Mr. Gray took notice of his Maj[esty's] speech from the throue on the 15th [of] nuary last, in which it was stated, "[that] his Majesty being engaged in confid[ential] intercourse and connection with c[ertain] powers on the continent, and partic[ularly] with Russia, with a view to objects re[lative] to the general security of Europe, [it] not, therefore enter into any furthe[r] planation on the subject of the ove[rtures] made by the French Government. remarked also, that a sum of five m[illions] had been voted by Parliament for [extra]ordinental purposes.

Under these circumstances, and advanced period of the session, he fel[t] self justified in asking of the minister ther it was intendeded to offer any [com]munication to Parliament with resp[ect] those proposed alliances? Mr. P[itt] swered, that as matters were now si[tuated] his majesty's ministers did not d[eem] proper at present to advise the sov[ereign] to make any such communication. Fox enquired whether a commun[ication] of this nature might reasonably be ex[pected] in the course of the pending session? Pitt replied, that such a communi[cation] he believed, could not be made *with c*[onsis]*ty*. Mr. Fox urged the necessity o[f a] communication, even though it mig[ht] amount to "certainty." Mr. Pitt no further replication.

[Per the Accushnet, at New Bed[ford]
Extract of a letter, dated Liverpool
[21, *to a gentleman in this city*

"I have to advise you of the co[n]depression of the cotton market. 1000 bales of New Orleans, were day sold at 11d. to 20d. Uplands a[t] to 17d.

"The papers yesterday asserte[d] confidence, that the Brest fleet, of [25] of the line, was standing out to eng[age] British, then off the harbor, in line tle, consisting of 17 sail of the li[ne] twelve frigates. We are anxious t[o] the result.

"Our West India merchants ha[ve] relieved from their anxiety by the c[er]of the return of the Toulon fleet to and it is also reported that lord N[elson] fleet has passed Gibraltar."

Alexandria Daily Adverti[ser]

MONDAY, JULY 8.

Extract of a letter received on Fr[iday]
N. York from Guadaloupe, dated J[une]

"The French have sent, for t[he] pose of taking Antigua, 26 sail of and 12 frigates and sloops of war, 38 sail, with 16,000 troops on boa[rd] accounts have reached this place s[ince] squadron sailed. It will not be stand so heavy a force if attack[ed].

Capt. Hilliard, from Martinique ed at New York, spoke, June 18th from Martinique for Charleston had fallen in with the French fleet headed, beating to windward. Jun[e] in lat. 18 1-2, long. 62 1-2, the s[hip] Catharine, out 25 days from New Laguira, which the day before h[ad] boarded by the British sloop of w[ar] Fisher, in company with a frigate, [and] ed that lord Nelson was off B[ar]with 18 sail of the line. On the [day] King Fisher and the frigate fell in French frigates, having in tow nin[e]

lowing is an extract of a l
w-Orleans, dated May 25,
his forenoon.
ot close my letter without giv
e hint of the great moveme
n our neighborhood. We ha
other day from Vera Cruz, wh
news: "We are here in the
exity, the governor and vice-
relled seriously, and the lat
mmerce of this place, who ha
a deputy to plead their caus
their business to the council
the mean time, the alarm
nd his vice-majesty has collect
of near thirty thousand strong
lly encamped therewith on on
s of Mount Orisava, and ha
the public and private treasu
to be transported to the centr
. This alarm was caused by
they had got either from this
ne part of the union, that the
erican army was under orders
stern line and this place, and
sident was to take command in
se of urgent need. They fur
at a bishop *ex-partibus* had ar
aquoquedotch with seven hun
van guard. Those who pre
further than the common sort
e whole is a trick of the vice
he cash part of the property in
c."

Lateſt from England.

letter from our correspondent
ew-York, dated July 4.

Cato, Snow, in 35 days from
rrived here this morning. Sh
l on the 28th May; our Lon
y her are of the 25th. Left
rs, ship Hampshire, Talbot, of
to sail in ten days; Felicity,
nnawen, Holmes, do. in 3;
so, brig Sarah, Rice in 20 days
, Mart.
find in our papers any article
ibing; the captain informs us,
rgo had not been taken off,
ssment of seamen was uncom-
and that in failure of a suffi-
of these, measures were tak-
them with impressed mecha-
ty with Russia——the Brest
ailed——markets dull"

ther from New York, dated
July 4.

hing arrived here the ship
n 35 days from Liverpool.
ers from London as late as
ay; but they contain no new
There is another talk of
est fleet had not sailed. The
continued in England, and
s ever known; even mecha-
up and put on board ship.
aid to have taken place in
r the influence of France;
he king had been put under
Admiral Collinghood had
sail of the line to join lord
ciations are said to be going
nce and Russia for the res-
ral tranquility. Bonaparte
er into negociations on the
:
ll recognition, of his titles
he French and King of Ita-

lemn guarantee of Great-
sia to maintain himself and
hereditary possession of
l dominions.
signation of Bourbon of all
ns to the sovereignty of

gages in return to leave
ssession of England, and
mperor Alexander the re-
Seven Isles.
in, of Baltimore arrived at
of May. Madame Bona-
rd, last from Amsterdam,
t suffered to go on shore;
her brother. Madame
e last stage of pregnancy;
t think it safe to proceed
e Erin was in the Texel a
aced between a 64 and a
oat kept about the ship as

"From Lloyd's List.

Atkins for America, is
Ponsonby privateer, and
erpool. At Varel, Vigi-
ltimore. The Juno, De
more to Amsterdam, has
l sent into Portsmouth.
e Melpomene, Dauberg,
At Tonningen, Ocean,
am, Virginia.
s and several sch'rs. are

LONDON, May 18.
Star office half past 3 P. M.

We stop the press to state that dispatches have been received this day at the admiralty, and at lord Camden's office from Admiral Cochrane. He arrived with his squadron at Barbadoes, on the 2d ult. and there received intelligence that the French squadron, had gone to leeward, upon which he immediately sailed in pursuit of them and as he had received accurate information of the course great hopes were entertained that he would fall in with them before they could do any more injury.

The account of an engagement between the Brest and channel fleets is hourly expected.

A letter from Falmouth states, that at seven o'clock on Tuesday evening the Brest fleet, consisting of twenty five sail of the line, and frigates were all under weigh, and standing out to sea. Lord Gardner had formed his fleet, consisting of seventeen of the line and several frigates, in the line of battle in two divisions. The Contest gun brig arrived at Plymouth, on Thursday, with an account of the movement of the Brest fleet, in consequence of which, the fifteen sail of the line in the Sound and Cawsand Bay, were expected to sail in the evening to join lord Gardner.

House of Commons, May 16.

Mr. Gray took notice of his Majesty's speech from the throne on the 15th of January last, in which it was stated, "That his Majesty being engaged in confidential intercourse and connection with certain powers on the continent, and particularly with Russia, with a view to objects relative to the general security of Europe, could not, therefore enter into any further explanation on the subject of the overtures made by the French Government. He remarked also, that a sum of five millions had been voted by Parliament for continental purposes.

Under these circumstances, and at this advanced period of the session, he felt himself justified in asking of the minister, whether it was intendeded to offer any communication to Parliament with respect to those proposed alliances? Mr. Pitt answered, that as matters were now situated his majesty's ministers did not deem it proper at present to advise the sovereign to make any such communication. Mr. Fox *enquired whether* a communication of this nature might reasonably be expected in the course of the pending session? Mr. Pitt replied, that such a communication, he believed, could not be made *with certainty*. Mr. Fox urged the necessity of *some* communication, even though it might not amount to "certainty." Mr. Pitt made no further replication.

[Per the Accushnet, at New Bedford.]
Extract of a letter, dated Liverpool, May 21, *to a gentleman in this city.*

"I have to advise you of the continued depression of the cotton market. Near 1000 bales of New Orleans, were yesterday sold at 11d. to 20d. Uplands are 16d. to 17d.

"The papers yesterday asserted with confidence, that the Brest fleet, of 22 sail of the line, was standing out to engage the British, then off the harbor, in line of battle, consisting of 17 sail of the line, and twelve frigates. We are anxious to learn the result.

"Our West India merchants have been relieved from their anxiety by the certainty of the return of the Toulon fleet to Cadiz, and it is also reported that lord Nelson's fleet has passed Gibraltar."

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

MONDAY, JULY 8.

Extract of a letter received on Friday at N. York from Guadaloupe, dated June 11.

"The French have sent, for the purpose of taking Antigua, 26 sail of the line and 12 frigates and sloops of war, making 38 sail, with 16,000 troops on board. No accounts have reached this place since the squadron sailed. It will not be able to stand so heavy a force if attacked."

Capt. Hilliard, from Martinique, arrived at New York, spoke, June 18th, a brig from Martinique for Charleston, which had fallen in with the French fleet off Deseada, beating to windward. June 19th, in lat. 18 1-2, long. 62 1-2, the ship Catharine, out 25 days from New York to Laguira, which the day before had been boarded by the British sloop of war King Fisher, in company with a frigate, and informed that lord Nelson was off Barbadoes with 18 sail of the line. On the 16th the King Fisher and the frigate fell in with five French frigates, having in tow nine sail of British merchantmen, which they had captured on their homeward passage from Jamaica. The frigates were going to Guadaloupe with their prizes; but when they discovered the King Fisher and the frigate they set fire to the whole of their prizes, crowded all sail, and made off as expeditiously as possible.

Capt. H. further states, that on the morning of the day he sailed from Martinique, an advice-boat from the French fleet, arrived there with intelligence that the combined fleets had taken part of Antigua and Jamaica.

(N. Y. pap.)

Captain Newson, from Fort Royal, informs us that he passed Antigua on the 15th June, and saw the British colors flying at English harbor, and on board a frigate and sloop of war in the harbor of St. Johns. Since the combined squadron's left Martinique nothing had been heard of them. It was reported at Fort Royal that twelve British sail of the line had arrived to the windward.

[Ibid.]

We have received the *Gazette de la Martinique* of the 14th June, containing the official account of the expedition against Diamond Rock, and a copy of capitulation. A brief summary of these documents shall be laid before the readers of the Mercantile Advertiser on Saturday.

[Merc. Adv.]

Continuation of Extracts from a Poem on Solitude, published in Salem.

After some exemplifications of the power of solitude on the various passions of the soul, the poet proceeds to show its influence in age, sorrow and death in the instance of St. Aubin. This tale, tho' not remarkable for any novel or striking circumstances, being merely a description of character in a life of quietude and retirement, is related in a style distinguished for its poetical sweetness.

Far from the world, its pleasures and its strife,
The good ST. AUBIN passed his tranquil life;
Deep in a glen the rural mansion rose,
And half an acre spanned its modest close;
Just by the door a living streamlet rolled,
Whose pebbly bottom gleamed with sandy gold,
There first the woodlark hailed propitious spring,
The humming insect dipped his glossy wing,
The branching elms in ancient grandeur spread,
Inweaved with myrtle, near its babbling head.
Behind, vast mountains closed the wonderous view,
Hung o'er the horizon veiled in hazy blue,
Save when the shutting eve mid vapors hoar,
Rolled its last gleams their woody summits o'er,
And, seen at distance, thro' some opening brake
Transparent brightness lit the neighboring lake.

Scenes, where *Salvator's* soul had joyed to climb
Mid wilds abrupt, and images sublime,
Or caught with kindling glance the bold designs,
Where horror's form on beauty's lap reclines.

Meek was ST. AUBIN's soul, his gentle air
Spoke to the searching glance the man of care;
Unlike the giant oak, which propped on high,
Looks o'er the storm, and dares its bolts defy,
But as the humbler reed, whose pliant train,
Bend to the breeze and rise to bloom again.
His ready smile relieved the welcome poor,
Who thronged with daily joy his opening door.

As the whole tale is too long to be conveniently extracted at this time we must omit some parts and make a transition to those passages that will suffer the less by the disconnection; the Hermit's daughter is thus depicted—

One darling daughter claimed the good man's care,
Gay as the lark, but scarce more gay than fair;
Light were the sportive locks, whose curls profuce
Hung o'er her neck in native wildness loose;
Blue were the speaking eyes, whose blended lash
Half hid and half betrayed a fluttering flash;
Health's glowing rose, in shadowed lustre sleek,
Diffused its virgin blush o'er either cheek;
Love in her form its bright perfection traced,
Yet dreft the model, still to nature chaste:
No sober tricks, no mawkish whims confined
Her lively ease, her innocence of mind;
A parent's taste each pure refinement taught,
And fixed the polish, where it formed the tho't.
To fancy's lustre lent the touch of art,
And gave the judgment force to guide the heart.

The behaviour of St. Aubin, at the death-bed and grave of his daughter, is described by Mr. Story with much feeling and delicacy.

Beside the couch, where JANE expiring lay,
The hermit knelt, and prayed, or seemed to pray,
Dim were his eyes, with anxious vigils worn,
Yet spoke a soul with no harsh tumults torn;
E'en in the agonies of dumb despair,
Devotion's smile was seen and cherished there:
And, as the lingering powers of life decayed,
Faith beamed her radiance through the deepening shade,
With firm reliance drank the parting breath,
Kissed the pale lips, and closed the eyes in death,
Thro' brighter realms the unbodied cherub sought
Realms pure in bliss beyond the soar of thought.

Slow thro' the narrow path, by misery worn,
Passed the veiled corpse, in shrouded silence borne;
No vain parade, no courtly pageant spread
Their sickly honors round the virgin dead;
Strewed o'er the bier some vernal flowers were seen,
And here and there a sweet briar fell between,
The father came in sorrow's holiest gloom,
His raised eye fixed on hopes beyond the tomb,
Still, as the tempest, hushed in dread suspense,
Yet mild, as twilight greets the wakening sense;
No murter'd groans, no stifled anguish shook
His meek repose, his calm, unalter'd look,
Save, when the ritual closed its sainted strain,
And o'er the coffin rolled the earth again,
One lingering tear, that seemed the man to speak,
With briny lustre trickled down his cheek,
One lingering tear was all his spirit gave,
Then bowed a last farewell, and left the grave!

The tale of St. Aubin contains so many traits of delicate description, and breathes such a spirit of tenderness, that another extract will not prove unacceptable. It relates to the conduct of the holy parent after the decease of his daughter.

Yet had not memory lost her soothing art,
Nor fancy closed her empire in the heart;
When up the groves unclouded moonlight streamed
At the lone hour, to goblins fated deemed,
When sober day, mid vapoury glooms deferred,
Shot its faint crimson round at eventide,
Oft would he rove some mountain's brow along,
And pour in shattered tones his plaintive song.
Kiss the stray flowers, which dress the streamlet's marge,
Or row athwart the lake his aged barge;
And when some spot, where JANE was wont to roam,
Some fav'rite pastime called his spirit home,
If once a sigh his heaving bosom pressed,
His trust in heaven was all that sigh expressed.
Oft would he trim his wintry hearth, and court,
Remembered scenes of pleasantry and sport,
Mark, where the lute secured its dusty place,
The needled sandscape on the wainscot trace,
The quaint remark, the evening task review,
And chase the fleeting shades, and dream anew.

Nor smile, ye proud, if thoughts like these engage
The friendless soul in melancholy age,
More sweet, than all the hymns of active joy,
One moment sacred to this chaste employ,
One pious hour, to moral musing given,
Its relish truth, its harmonies from heaven!
And, as the hapless wretch, by storms o'ercast,
Clings, shuddering clings him, to the fatal mast,
So hope and love, yet buoyant on the wave,
Shall snatch their relics from the ravenous grave,
And moor, as life recedes, with fond alarms
Fold the dear types immortal in their arms.

Ye hallowed seats, where oft in elder time,
Retiring science poured her strains sublime,
Still shall the classic genius, wandering near,
Drop o'er your sad remains the grateful tear;
Still pay religious rites, as holy ground,
Where learning breathes mysterious virtue round.
Soft float, ye gales, the vocal groves along,
Where lingers yet the pure, SOCRATIC song,
Mid circling plains, ere while with music fraught,
When Athens acted, what her sages taught;
Soft float, ye gales, were thro' Lyceum's shade
With tuneful murmurs charmed Ilyssus strayed,
When the bold stagyrite, by love refined,
To moral grandeur raised the daring mind;
Soft float, ye gales, around his ruined home,
Where TULLY's spirit loves at eve to roam,
Or pause with studious look, adown the stream
As palid moonlight steals with flickering beam,
For there instruction blest ambitious youth,
And freedom breathed the flame of vestal truth.

It may be made a question here whether the author does not ascribe too much to the influence of solitude. In the life of St. Aubin, this appears to have been merely a circumstance, nor is it easy to perceive why the same character might not have existed, and the same virtues have been displayed in the midst of rural society, without retiring to the solitary glen or the sequestered valley.

In the second Canto as in the first, the reader meets with the same force and melody of language, but perhaps with more variety of digression and historical allusion. It begins with a very fanciful and spirited invocation of the airy deities of the gothic mythology, and then passes on to the classic ages of Athens and Rome.

This poem, although not entirely original in its ideas, & frequently borrowing its style, and phraseology from the pages of Akenside, Goldsmith, & Darwin, possesses much merit, and reflects honor on the American muse. The specimens already exhibited are sufficient perhaps, to convince every reader of taste and judgment that the author has genius and that in points of philosophical analysis, poetical imagery and illustration, and in most of the graces of didactic verse, Mr. Story is not often surpassed by any poet in America. It may be objected however that in several pages of the poem there is considerable obscurity, so that the reader finds it difficult to seize upon and fix in his mind any precise or definite idea; but this may possibly be owing more to the natural obscurity and subtility of the subject, than to any indistinctness in the conception of the writer.

Notwithstanding the general elegance & correctness of the diction which distinguish this poem it cannot be denied that there are several affected, forced and unmeaning epithets and lines, which have a tendency to abate our admiration of the performance. A few will be selected to justify the remark.

"Whose careless laughter swept the breezy plain."
"Like evening *twilight breath'd* from summer skies."
"From the strange sweetness of a twilight plain."
"And rifening thunders slumber'd o'er their crest."
"Steeped in the streams of rapture's purest fire."
"Freedom breathe the flame of vestal truth."
&c.

These and a few others that might be added belong to the Della Cruscan tribe, & can never be relished by the lovers of sense and simplicity.

Assize of Bread.

The 3d loaf to weigh 11 ounces.
JOHN LONGDEN, C. M.
July 8

MINOR THEATRE,
(Spring Garden)

THIS EVENING,
MONDAY, 8th Inst.
By the Group of Artificial Comedians
WILL BE PRESENTED,
The celebrated Opera of—
INKLE & YARICO:
ALSO,
The Rich and Comic Figures.
Doors to be opened at 7 o'clock, performance to commence at eight.
Boxes 50 cents, Pitt 25 cents.
July 8.
N. B. The Theatre is completely finished.

RACING.

WILL be run for, on FRIDAY next, at the Race-Course adjoining Alexandria—at three o'clock, an *Elegant Bridle and Martingale*—free for any saddle-horse—At four o'clock, a match race will be run for *One Hundred Dollars*—At two o'clock, on SATURDAY, a *Saddle, Bridle, and Martingale*—free for any horse that never turned a pole.
John Hodgskins,
Keeper of the Course.
July 6. 3§

FOR SALE,

The fast sailing Schooner
HARRIOT,
Burthen 102 tons, now lying at John Hunter's ship yard. If not sold at private sale said schooner will be offered at public sale on Wednesday the 10th inst. at 5 o'clock. Apply to GEORGE SLACUM.
July 8. d3t

The Subscriber has just received, via Baltimore, a large supply of
TIN PLATE, IN BOXES,
Which will be sold cheap for cash or the usual credit.
O. P. FINLEY.
July 8. 3t

PETER NOWLAND
Has just received, via. New York, a quantity of
Balsamic Butter of Soap,
For washing the hands and face, and maintaining the complexion soft, red, and fair,
And is likewise
Superior to any other for shaving.
ALSO A QUANTITY OF
Pot Pomatum of the first quality,
A few boxes of
OTTO OF ROSES &c. &c.
July 8. d3t.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are cautioned against purchasing a HORSE advertised for sale by the Marshal of the District of Columbia, as he is not my property.
DANIEL M'CARTY.
July 8. 3t.

At an adjourned Court of Enquiry, of the 2d Legion of Militia of the district of Columbia, held July 3, 1805, at Mr. Hodgkin's tavern, WILLIAM ALLEN was appointed Collector of Militia Fines.
John Macleod, Clk. L. C. E.
July 5. d3t

VALUABLE FAMILY *MEDICINES.*

Just received direct from the Patentees, and
FOR SALE BY
JAMES KENNEDY, JUN.
DRUGGIST;
The following Valuable Medicines:

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Stomachel Bitters.
PREPARED BY
THOMAS H. RAWSON,
Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the most rapid sale of any Patent Medicine ever before discovered, and are justly appreciated for their singular and uncommon virtues for restoring weak and decayed constitutions, and all that train of complicated complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as *intermittant Fevers and Agues, long Autumnal Fevers, Dysenteries, &c.* They are also a very pleasant bitter for common use, and where they are known they have taken the place and superceded the use of all other bitters in public houses as well as in private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham) Billious Pills.

THE great sale and increasing demand for these valuable pills for these twelve years past, bespeak their intrinsic worth. They have proved singularly efficacious in *Billious and Yellow fevers, Jaundice, Head Aachs, Dysenteries, Billious Cholic, Costivenes's, Female complaints, &c.*

The very great demand and high esteem in which these pills are held throughout the United States and the West Indies, has induced many to counterfeit them; the purchaser is requested to observe that the name of Samuel Lee, jun. (the patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions, in his own hand writing, or they will not be genuine. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Itch Ointment.

A certain and safe application for that disagreeable complaint called the ITCH. Price 42 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti Billious Pills,
or, Family Physic.

The extraordinary celebrity these pills have gained, the universal demand for them and esteem in which they are held by medical men of the first eminence, are sufficient testimonials of their intrinsic worth. In great colds and sudden attacks of disorders, an early use of these pills often produces the happiest effects, and taken once in eight or ten days in cases of indigestion, headachs, dizziness, pains in the stomach and bowels, dysenteries, diarehœas, dropsies, &c. and a liberal use of my anti billious bitters in the intermediate time has relieved patients almost to a miracle.—price 25 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste.

For the scurvy in the teeth and gums, and for whitening and preserving the teeth. It likewise takes off all disagreeable smells from the breath, which generally arises from scorbutic gums and bad teeth. This paste is much in use, and highly esteemed by all those who value the preservation of their teeth, it may be applied at all times with the greatest safety. It is neatly put up in pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Worm Powders.

A medicine which for efficacy and safety in its operation stands unrivalled. The most authenticated proofs and respectable authorities of its astonishing virtues, and surprising effects, in extreme and alarming cases of worms, may be seen at the place of sale. Price 50 cents a packet.

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir;
Or Cough Drops,

For Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, spitting of blood, and all diseases of the *lungs.* Its merits stands unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.
Price 50 cents a box.

Hinkley's Infallible remedy for the Piles.
Price 50 Cents a Box.

Very particular directions accompanying each of these valuable medicines.

He has likewise for Sale,

A general assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Shop furniture and Vials; a few hand some Hall Lamps; Indian Shades; proof vials; Essence of Spruce; Patent Blacking; Madeira and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogsheads; Paints ground in oil; and a few barrels Flaxseed Oil, which he will sell on reasonable terms for cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit.

☞ A generous allowance will be made to those who purchase the above Medicines by the dozen.

March 27. 2aw

For LIVERPOOL,
The SHIP

WILLIAM,
Captain *John Bacon;*

Two hundred and 64 tons burthen, nearly new. Advances, will be made on consignments per this vessel. The freight will be moderate. Apply to

William Hodgson.

July 2. d

NOTICE.

CONCERT-HALL,
BOSTON, May, 1805.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, and those Gentlemen of the Southern States who may visit this part of the Continent during the Summer season, that the House known by the name of *Concert-Hall,* situate in a very central and pleasant part of the town, (corner of Court and Hanover-streets) has been fitted up at a very great expence with the genteelest accommodation.

Those Gentlemen who may wish for *Boarding* and *Lodging,* it is presumed cannot find a more eligible and convenient House, or a more grateful reception than from the present occupant of *Concert-Hall,* whose assiduity to serve them shall exceed the liberality of their patronage.

T. WHITCOMB.
1aw3m.

FOR SALE,
Or to Let, for a Term of Years, or on Ground-Rent for ever,

Four valuable Lots, on the south side of King-street, between Fayette and Henry-streets; each lot fronting 20 feet on King-street, and running back 100 feet to a 12 feet alley.—The situation of this property is such (being in one of the most thriving parts of the town) as to make the possession of it very desirable to any person having money to purchase, more especially to dealers in country produce.

Also, for Sale,

A House and Lot, on the south side of King street, near Washington street, and opposite the store of Mr. James Bacon. This situation is equal to any in town for business.

Likewise to Let, for the term of ten years,

An half-acre Lot on Duke and Pitt streets, most eligibly situated for a Garden or Clover Lot, for which purpose *only* it would be rented. As manure has been thrown up in heaps upon it for several years the ground cannot but be as rich as could be wished. For terms apply to Mr. *James Bacon,* on King, near Washington street, or to the subscriber, at Notley Hall, opposite to Alexandria.

Thos. L. Washington.

N. B. To Hire by the month,
A very likely active BOY,

About 15 years old, who has from a child been accustomed to wait in the house, provided immediate application is made as above.

May 3. eo

To be Rented, for One Year,
(By the Subscribers)

A valuable Merchant-Mill, near the Little Falls of Potomac, with three pair French Burr Mill-stones, and every necessary machine complete for manufacturing flour, to the best advantage, and with as little manual labor as possible. Also,

A Brewery, Granary, Millers' and Brewers, Houses, Coopers Shops, &c. For terms apply to *Edmund I. Lee, esq.* in Alexandria.

Wm. HERBERT,
R. B. LEE,
Thos. SWANN,
Wm. B. PAGE,
} *Trustees of Philip R. Fendall, deceased.*

May 7. eodtf.

DEARBORN's
Truly just Patent Balance,
Of all sizes, from ounces to tons, (at half the price and with half the labor of scales and weights)
FOR SALE, BY
John G. Ladd.

May 28. oaw

NOTICE.

AS I purpose moving from this state in the fall, I request all those who have any claims against the estate of AMOS DYE, deceased, or myself, to bring them in legally proved, on or before the first day of October next, in order to have the same settled:—Also those, who may be indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence can be given by

JOHN DYE, Adm'r of Amos Dye.

June 21. 1aw3t*

☞ *A Servant wanted.*

CASH will be given for a Servant who can be recommended for sobriety and carefulness, and who has been accustomed to the management of horses. None else need apply to the Printer.

June 27. eo1m

JUST PUBLISHED,
AND FOR SALE, BY
JAMES KENNEDY, *senior,*

Edwards's history of the West-Indies, 1st vol. a new and elegant edition, down to the present time, with Maps: To which is added, Sir William Young's Tour through the Islands.

Gibbon's History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, complete, in 8 vols. with suitable Maps.

The Odes of Anacreon, elegantly translated by Moore, and most beautifully printed on a fine wove paper, by Maxwell, with Heads finely engraved by Edwin, and Notes critical and explanatory.

The Works of Shakespeare, by Johnson and Stevens, 1st and 2d vols. printed by ditto, in the same stylee xpected by the next arrival from Philadelphia.

Bonaparte and the French people under his consulate.

Travels in China, by John Barrow, late private secretary to Lord Macartney, containing Descriptions and Observations made during his residence at the Imperial palace Yuen-Min-Yuen—and on his journey from Pekin to Canton.

Davie's new System of Modern Geography, collected from the latest and most authentic sources, with a fine set of Maps.

Pinkerton's new Geography, epitomised for the use of schools.

Montefiore's Commercial Dictionary, 3 vols. containing the present state of Mercantile Law, in practice and custom, with very considerable additions relative to the Laws, Customs and Practice of the United States.

Marshall's Treatise on the Law of Insurance.

Caine's Cases of Correction of Errors for the Trial of Impeachments in the State of New-York.

The Life of Sir William Jones.

The life of Samuel Johnson, D. D. first President of King's College, New-York.

Popular Tales, by Miss Edgworth, 2 vols.

Virgil, Horace, Cæsar, Sallust and Ovid, Delphini—from the press of Messrs. Poyntell & Co.

Blank Books of every description, on the new and improved plan: Also, Book-binding in the neatest manner, executed with care and dispatch.

July 2. eo3t

PUBLIC SALE.

AGREEABLE to an order of the Worshipful Court of Fairfax county, made at March term, 1805, we the subscribers will offer for sale, on the 3d day of August next, at the house of *William Jacobs,* in said county, our likely Virginia born slaves for cash; belonging to the estate of John Hampton jun. deceased; for the purpose of making a division amongst the heirs of the deceased.

THOMAS POLLARD, jun.
RICHARD SIMPSON,
WILLIAM SIMPSON,
} Com'rs.

June 15. 2awtf

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be Sold, at Public Sale,
On the first day of AUGUST, (if not disposed of at private sale, previous to that time)
All my PROPERTY in the town of Alexandria,
Situated on KING-STREET——*Consisting of*

A new two-story Brick House, two Framed Houses, and the Ware-House at present occupied by myself——*Also,*

One unimproved Lot, on Fayette-street. ☞ The above property is subject to a ground-rent of *twenty dollars, eighty four cents.* For terms apply to the subscriber,

John Violett.

February 21. oaw1stAu·8

Union Cheap Bread Manufactory
Opposite the Market,
Adjoining *James S. Scott's,* Royal street—
ALEXANDRIA—
By WILLIAM LOVELL,

Who begs leave to inform the Ladies, Gentlemen, and the Public in general, in this town, that on Wednesday, the first of May, he will commence baking; where they may be supplied with *BREAD* of the first quality and found baked, on such terms never before offered in in this place; as follows:

THE eighteen penny loaf for 20 cents, nine penny loaf for 10 cents, four pence half penny loaf for 5 cents; and, for the convenience of those whose family or circumstances will not admit of LARGE BREAD, he will make the three penny loaf two ounces heavier than the weight fixed by the *Clerk of the Market,* as directed by the *Corporation*; so that the labouring man will be served on as good terms as the merchant. The BEST SUPERFINE FLOUR for house keeping at *seven cents* per pound, or fifteen pounds for a dollar. Those Ladies and Gentlemen who wish to be regularly supplied at their own houses, will be obliging enough to send a line as above, which will be attended to. *Great allowance* to sellers of *Bread.* To prevent any misunderstanding the above terms are CASH, unless where stated *credits* are agreed on, and those are expected to be regularly paid—the profits being small.

N. B. To Taverns, Boarding-houses, and large families, there will be an additional saving of *ten per cent.* in buying LARGE LOAVES in preference to SMALL.

April 30. d

THIS MOMENT RECEIVED,
A quantity of
Excellent PINE-APPLES.

N. B. This fruit is in delightful order for present use, and if applied for soon will be sold on moderate terms.

John A. Burford.

July 6. d

SUGARS.

Seventy hhds. and Twenty-two bbls. } Muscovado SUGAR.
Thirty one bags Cocoa, received by sloop Sloop Diana, from Martinico—for sale on reasonable terms by

John & Thos. Vowell,
WHO HAVE ON HAND
Holland Gin of excellent flavor in Pipes,
Fourth proof Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Liverpool Fine Salt,
1000 bushels Indian Corn,
1209 do. black-ey'd Peas, in good shipping order,

July 6. d

TO RENT,

A convenient two-story Brick-house on Wilkes street, opposite Capt. *George Slacum's*—For terms apply to,

John C Vowell,

July 6. d

LAWRASON & FOWLE
Have just received, by the brig Harmony, Robert B. Hall, master, from Boston.

3 bales best Beerboon Gurrahs
3 do. Sewing Twine
2 chests Young Hyson } FRESH TEAS.
5 do. Imperial }
20 boxes best Spanish Segars
2 pipes first quality Cognac Brandy
40 barrels N. E. Rum
5 hhds. retailing Molasses
7 barrels Sperm. Oil
a few boxes Sperm. Candles
40 boxes brown Soap
And a quantity of Plaster Paris.

July 6 d.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber of Charles county, has obtained from the Orphan's Court, of said county in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Dr. GUSTAVUS RICHARD BROWN, late of said county deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 24th day of June, 1805.

Clement Dorsey, Ex'r.

June 27. 1aw3w

FOR SALE,
The FARM on which I live,

CONTAINING between 5 and 600 acres of level Land, well adapted in general to receive the Plaister of Paris as a manure—on the post-road from the City of Washington to Port Tobacco, and about 8 miles below Piscataway. On it is every necessary building, plenty of excellent spring water and a pump at the door—fruit trees in abundance and great variety, an excellent kitchen garden, several clover lots, some valuable low-meadow ground, and wood and timber to last many years. Persons wishing to purchase, it is presumed will view the premises previous to any contract, and therefore a further description is unnecessary.

If I sell the land, it shall be given up to the purchaser 1st January next—And previous to that time, I will sell

All my moveable Property & Crop made, with some few exceptions.

Being extremely infirm and unable to manage a farm, my object is to retire to some town or city and spend the remnant of my life.

The terms of sale will be—One third of the purchase money in hand, one third at the end of 12 months from the day of sale, and the remaining one third at the end of two years, with legal interest thereon. Bonds with security, and a lien on the land, will be required.

George Lee.

Charles County, May 4. oawtf

NOTICE.

The subscriber intending shortly to remove to Kentucky, requests all persons having claims against him to bring them forward, properly authenticated, for payment; and all those indebted to him are requested to pay their respective accounts previous to the first day of August next, to him or Mr. *James Millan,* in Alexandria. Those failing to comply as above, need not expect any further indulgence.

William Millan,
Fairfax County, (Virginia)

June 10. 2aw3w. 1aw1stAug.

PRINTED DAILY, BY
S. SNOWDEN.

Alex

Vol. V.]

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next,
at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the Vendue Store
RUM
in hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Bandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate } in boxes,
White and brown Soap and }
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.——ALSO,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Cammaroes, Russels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Tickleenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Dec. 20.

---

10 pipes well flavor'd Hollan
Gin,
60 casks Dutch Linseed Oil,
2 bales German Ticklenburgh
1 case Britannias,
1 do. Platillas Royal,
Just Imported from Rotterdam
In the brig Nancy, Spalding,
AND FOR SALE BY
J. & T. Vowell,
WHO HAVE IN STORE,
A few pipes old Madeira Wine,
for immediate use,
Three hhds. old Grenada Rum,
Three casks Clover Seed,
Ten pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy.
☞ *Cash given for Otter and Mink Skins.*

April 25. d

JAMES SANDERSON
Has received, in addition to his late general supplies, which he will sell, by the quantity, very low, and on liberal credit;
10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Brandy,
4 puncheons second proof Antigua Rum
20 barrels New England ditto
5 pipes particular Teneriffe Wine.
12 half pipes do. do. do.
25 cases claret, 2 and half dozen in each
9 boxes best London Mustard, 15 do each.
6 do. do. Double Glouceſter Cheese
20 hogsheads Black Quart Bottles.
ALSO,
28 hogsheads Virginia TOBACCO now in store.

May 31.

BUILDING LOTS.

HALF an acre of ground, on the corner of Washington and Duke streets will be laid off in lots, to suit applicants, and will be had at a moderate annual rent forever.

HEWES & MILLER.

June 19.

This day is Published,
And for Sale at ROBERT GRAY'S Bookstore, and THIS OFFICE,
(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.)
AN ABSTRACT
OF AN
APOLOGY
For Renouncing the Jurisdiction
OF THE
SYNOD OF KENTUCKY
BEING
A Compendious View of the GOSPEL
AND A FEW REMARKS ON THE
CONFESSION OF FAITH
Robert Marshall, John Dunlavy, R. M'Nemar, Barton W. Stone, John Thom

May 2.

☞ A few Copies of the *American Gardener,* for sale by Robert Gray, King-street.